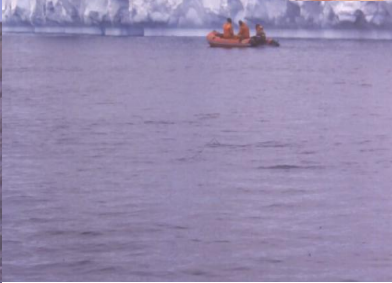


# Continued Developments in Numerical Weather prediction and Weather Forecasting in Support of the Australian Antarctic Program.



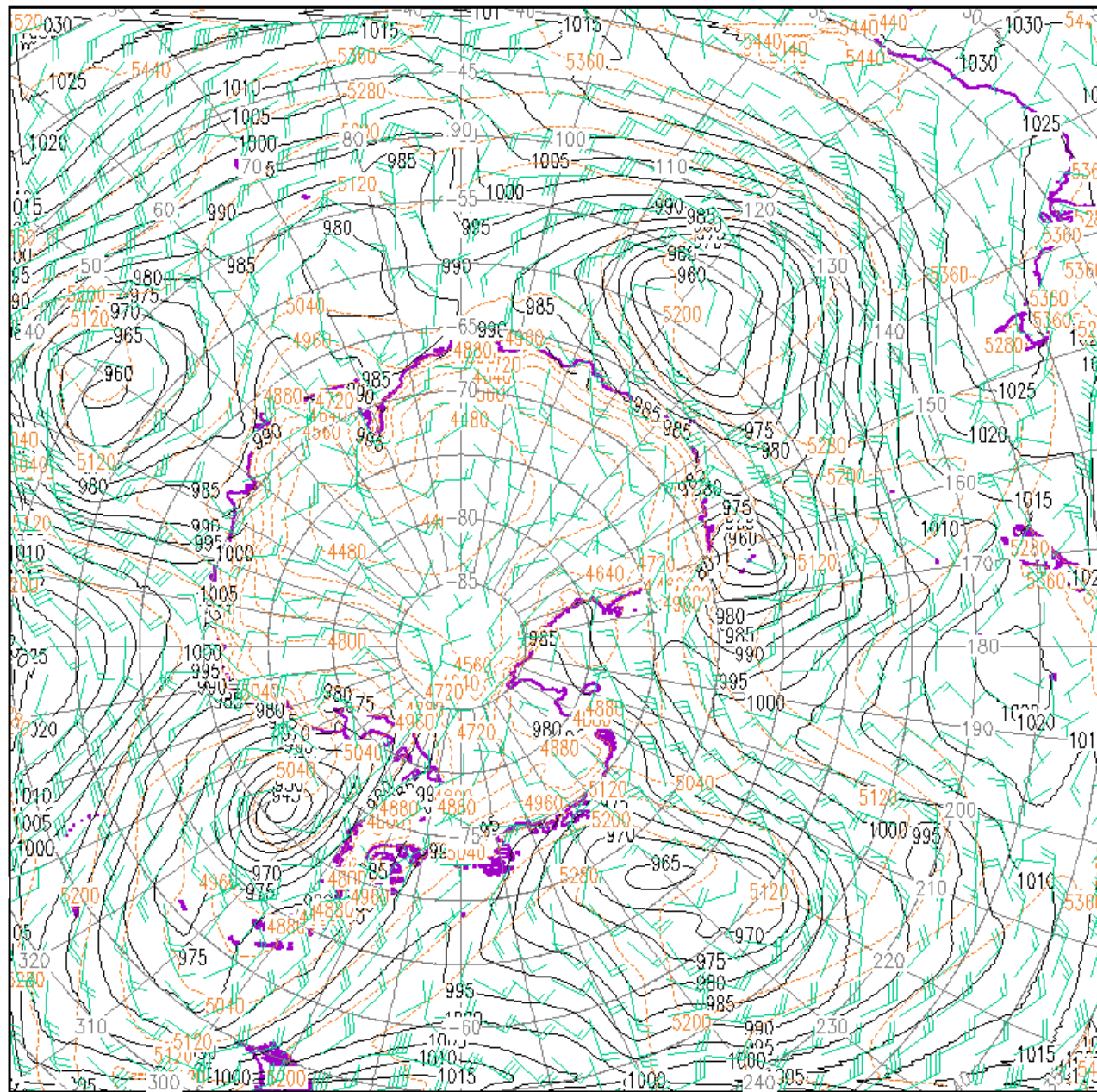
Dr Neil Adams, Australian Bureau of Meteorology and Antarctic Climate and Ecosystems Cooperative Research Centre (ACE-CRC).

Boulder June  
2006



PolarLAPS

# Mean Sea Level Pressure and 1000–500hPa thickness



polarLAPS +120HR Prognosis valid at 1200UTC 10 JUN 2006 (base 12Z05JUN2006).

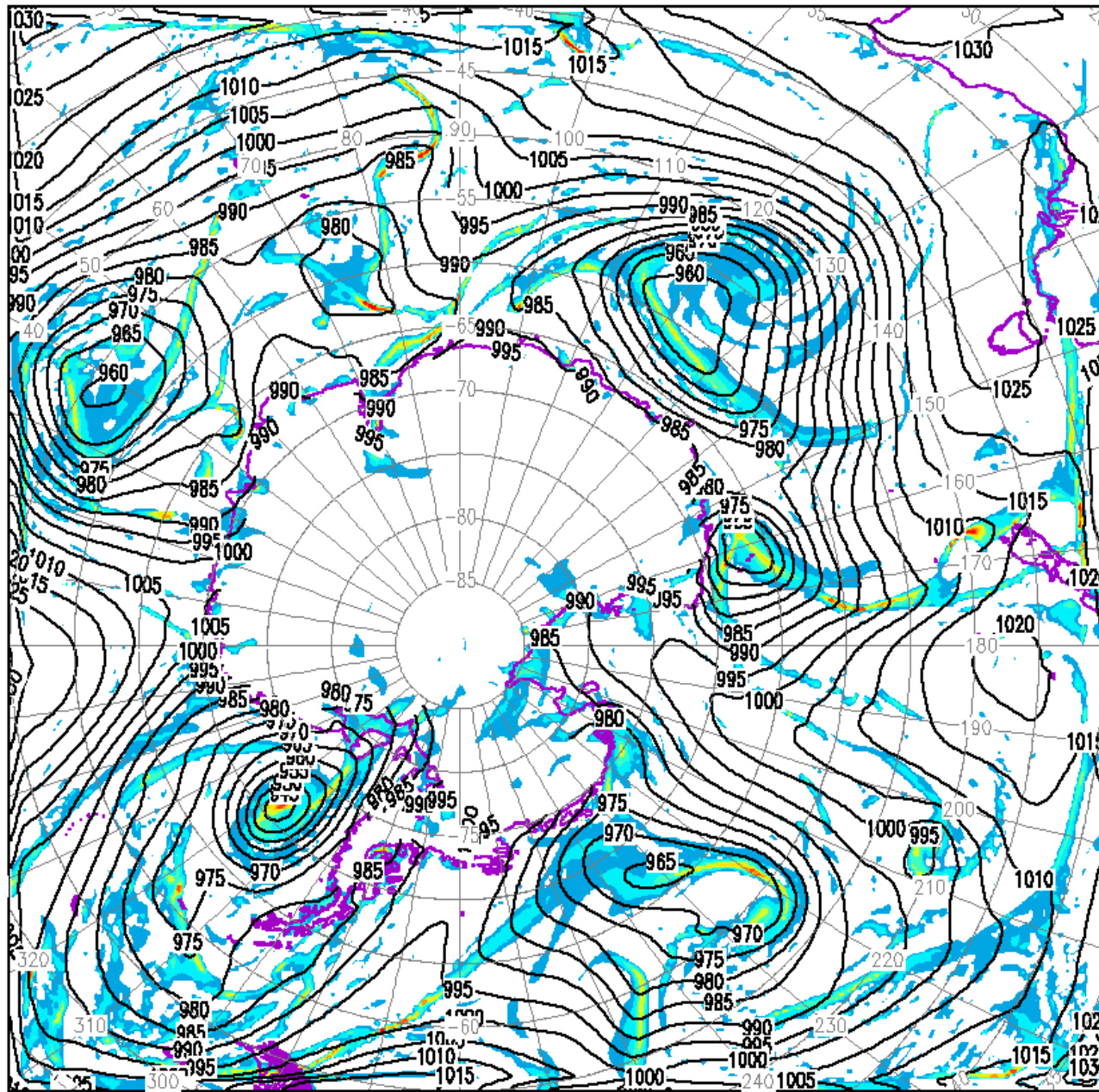
Polar-stereographic version of the Australian Limited Area Prediction System (ALAPS).

27.5 km horizontal resolution with 34 sigma levels.

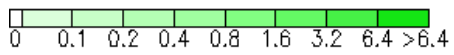
Nested within both the Australian global model (GASP), at 0000 and 1200 UTC, and within the NCEP GFS model at 0000, 0600, 1200 and 1800 UTC.

Model is still hydrostatic. At present no data assimilation is performed.

# Vorticity, potential temperature at sigma 0.9988 and MSLP.

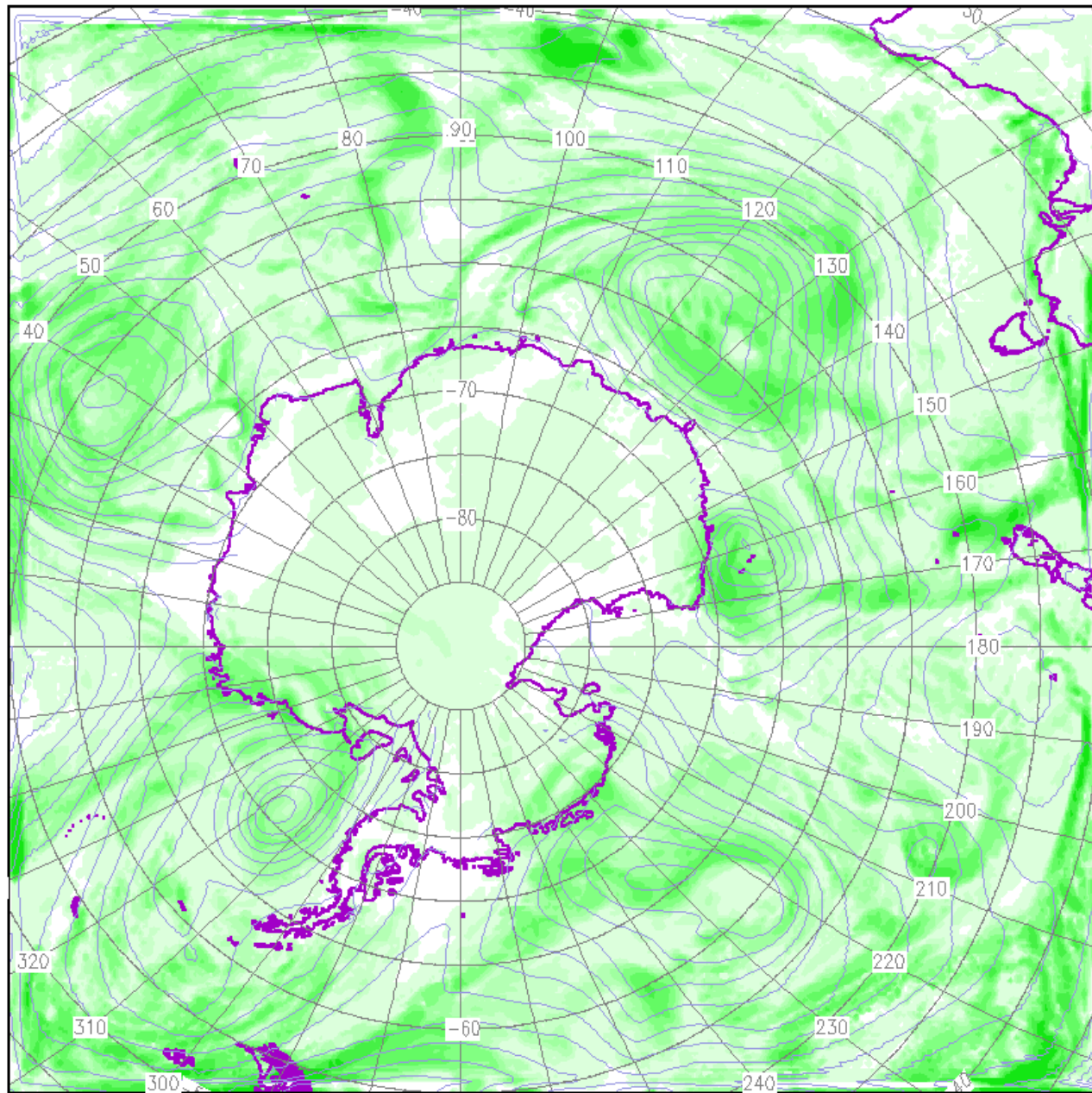


polarLAPS +120HR Prognosis valid at 1200UTC 10 JUN 2006 (base 12Z05JUN2006).



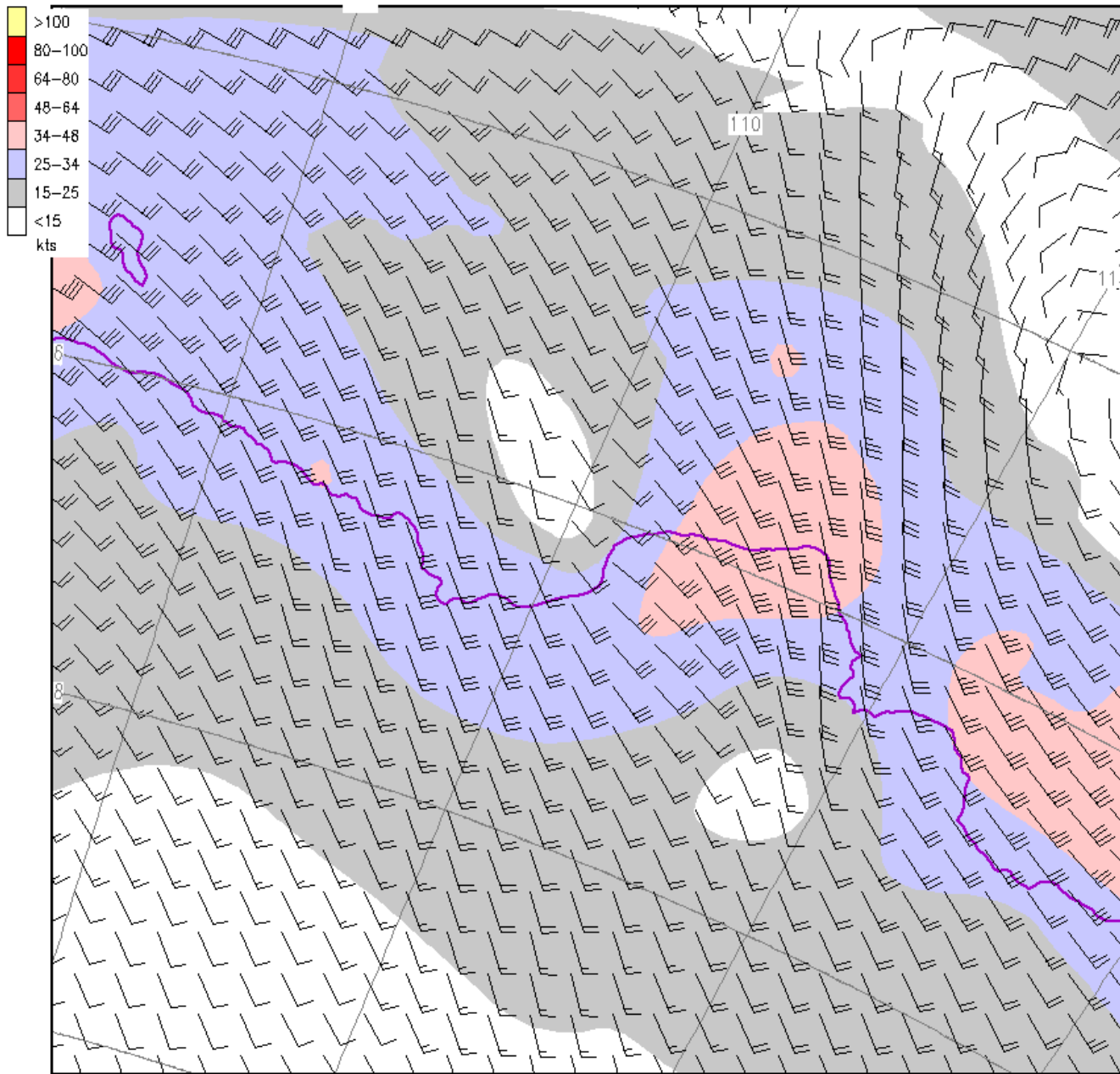
# Precipitation.

mm since last timestep



polarLAPS +120HR Prognosis valid at 1200UTC 10 JUN 2006 (base 12Z05JUN2006).

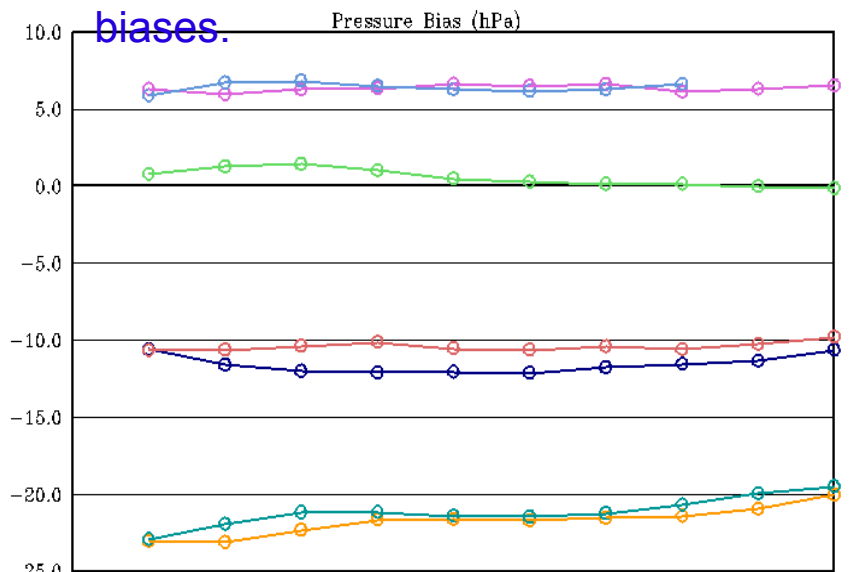
# Wind barb analysis at sigma 0.9988 (kts)



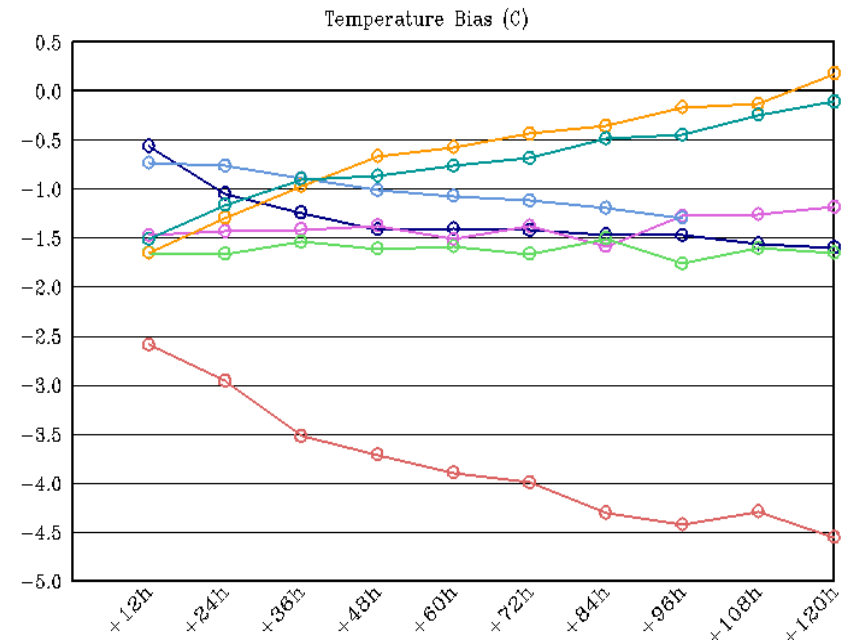
polarLAPS +048HR Prognosis valid at 1200UTC 07 JUN 2006 (base 12Z05JUN2006).

# PolarLAPS performance.

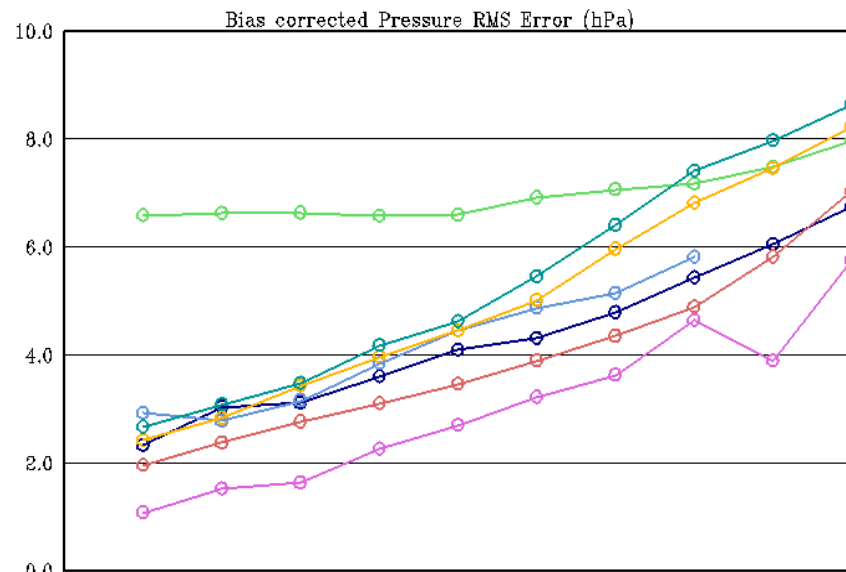
Casey pressure and temperature biases.



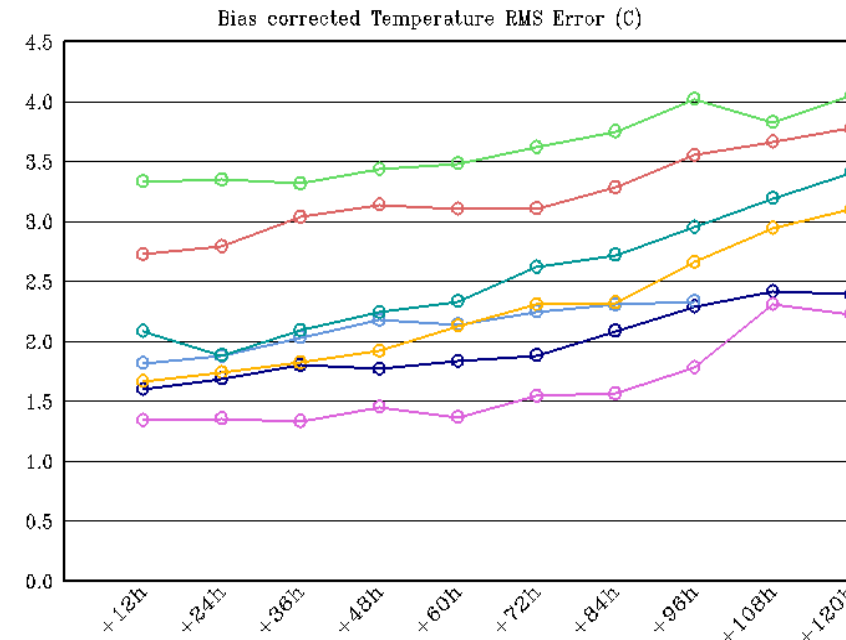
AMPS ECMWF NCEP polarLAPS (GFS) polarLAPS (GASP) GASP ALAPS



and bias corrected RMS errors.

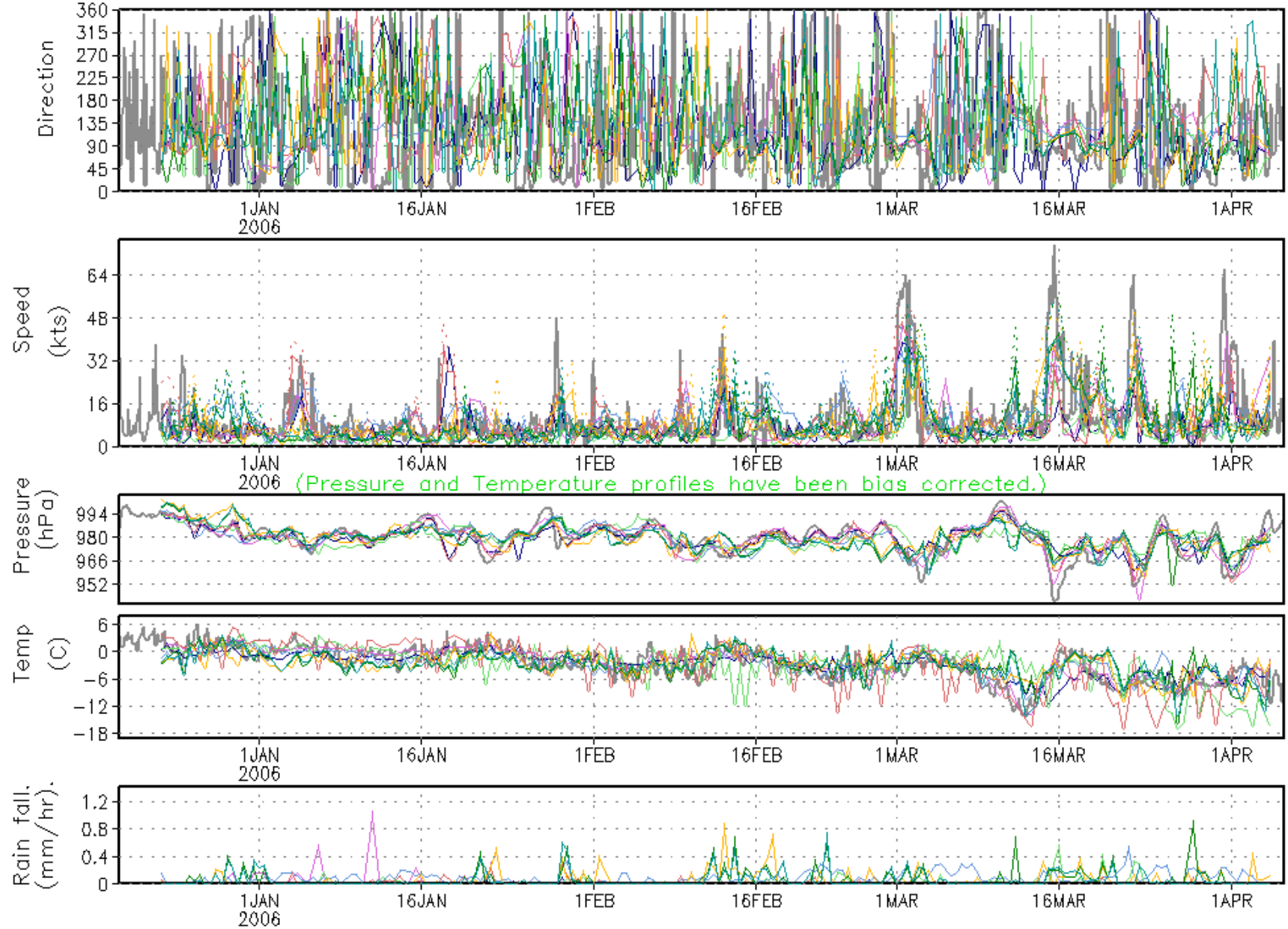


AMPS ECMWF NCEP polarLAPS (GFS) polarLAPS (GASP) GASP ALAPS



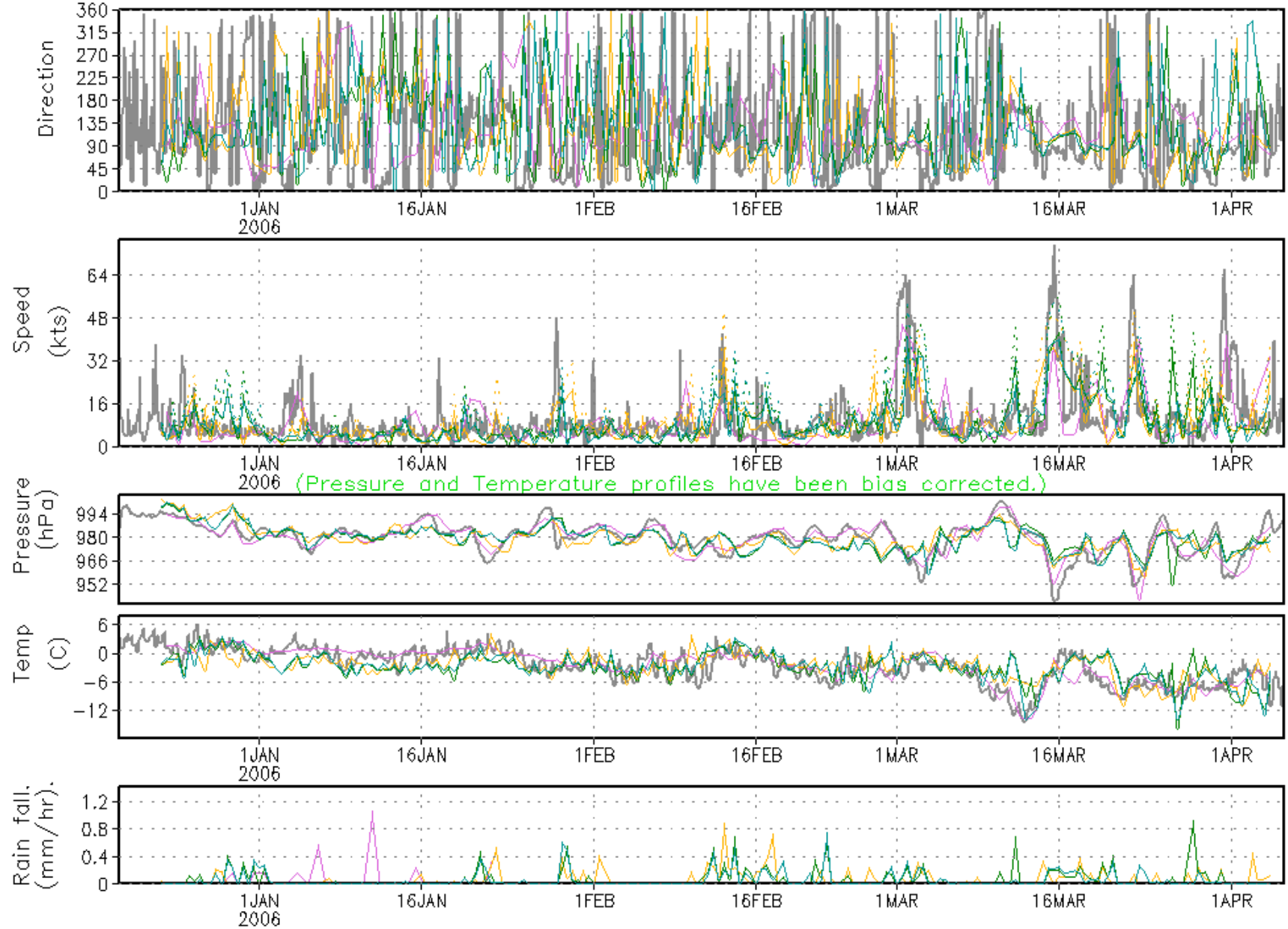


nlap (-66.245,110.78) Observations Poor-Mans Ensemble for Casey at +096 hours (66.245,110.78)



ecmwf (-66,111) ncep (-66,111) laps (-66.25,110.5) gasp (-66,110.25) am20 (-66.34,110.56) plap (-66.245,110.78)

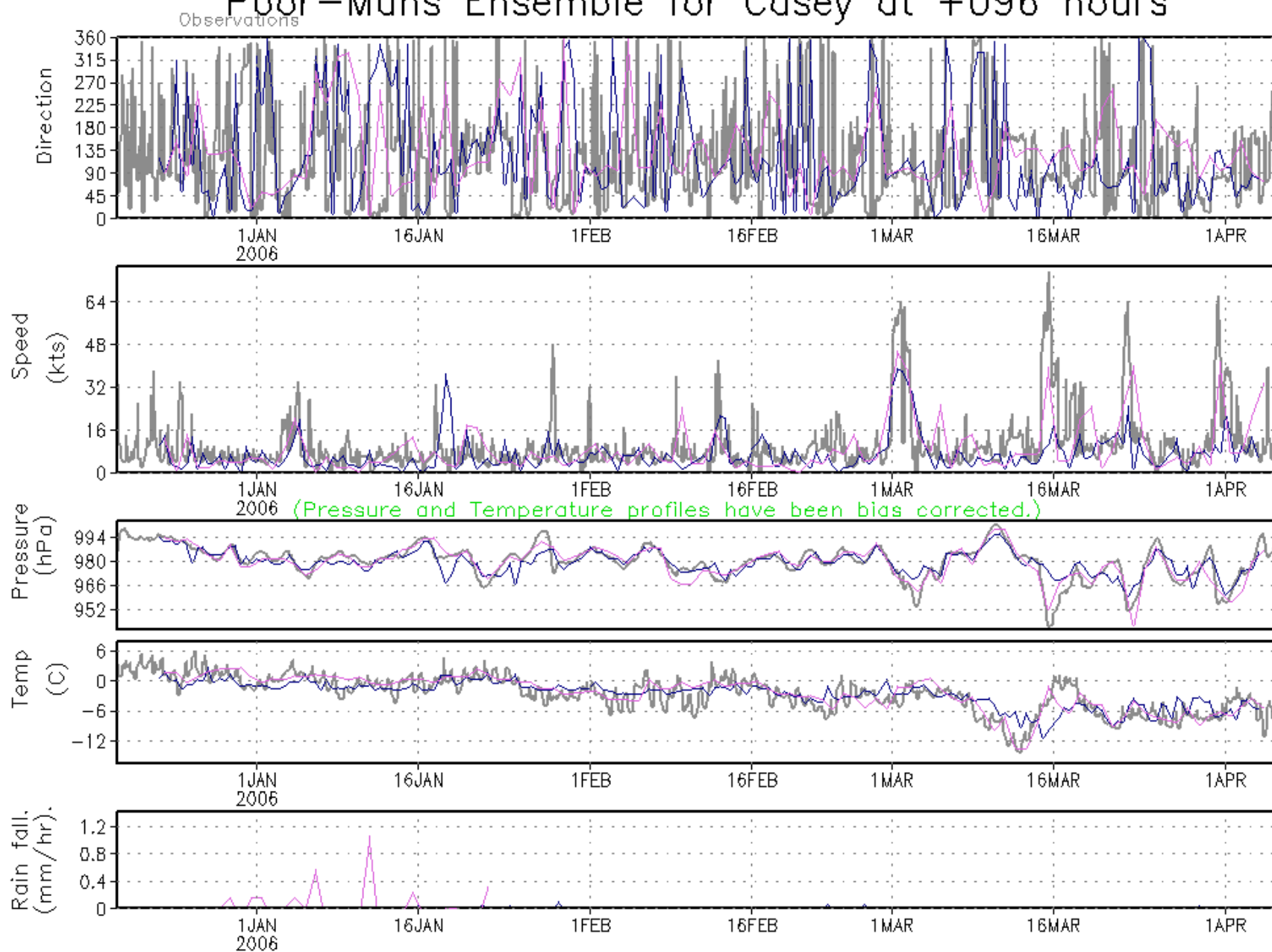
nlap (-66.245,110.78) Observations Poor-Mans Ensemble for Casey at +096 hours ecmwf (-66.245,110.78)



ecmwf (-66,111)

plap (-66.245,110.78)

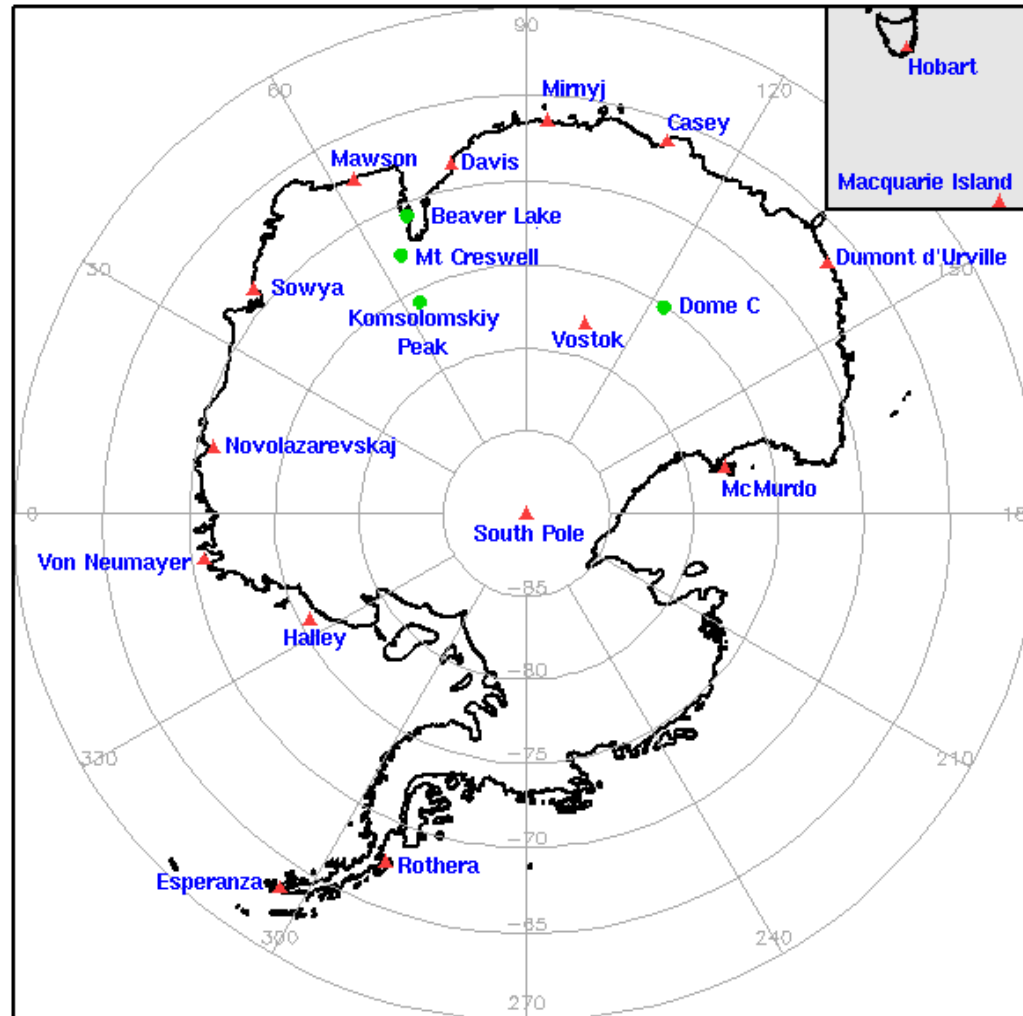
# Poor-Mans Ensemble for Casey at +096 hours



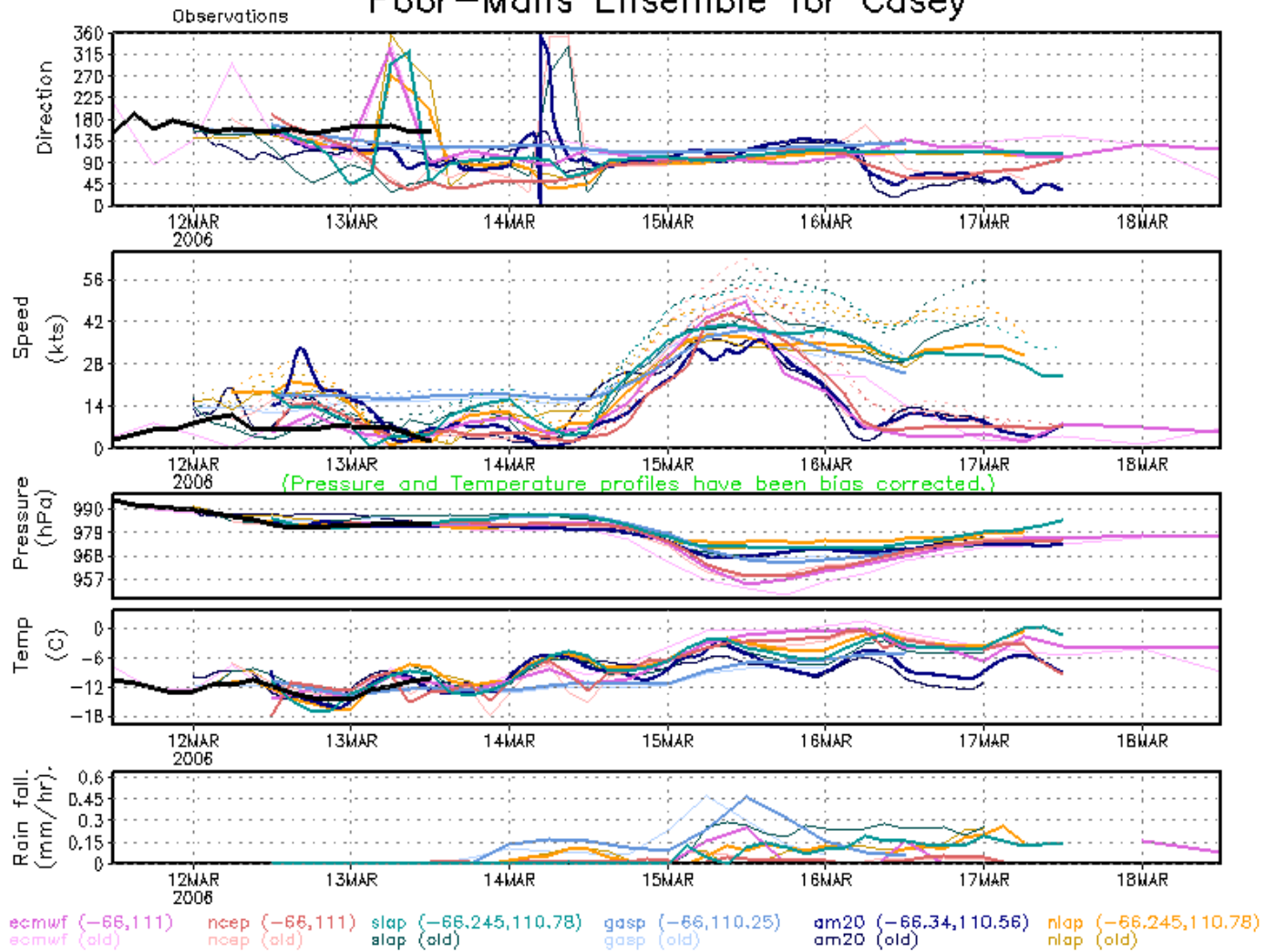
ecmwf (-66,111)

am20 (-66.34,110.56)

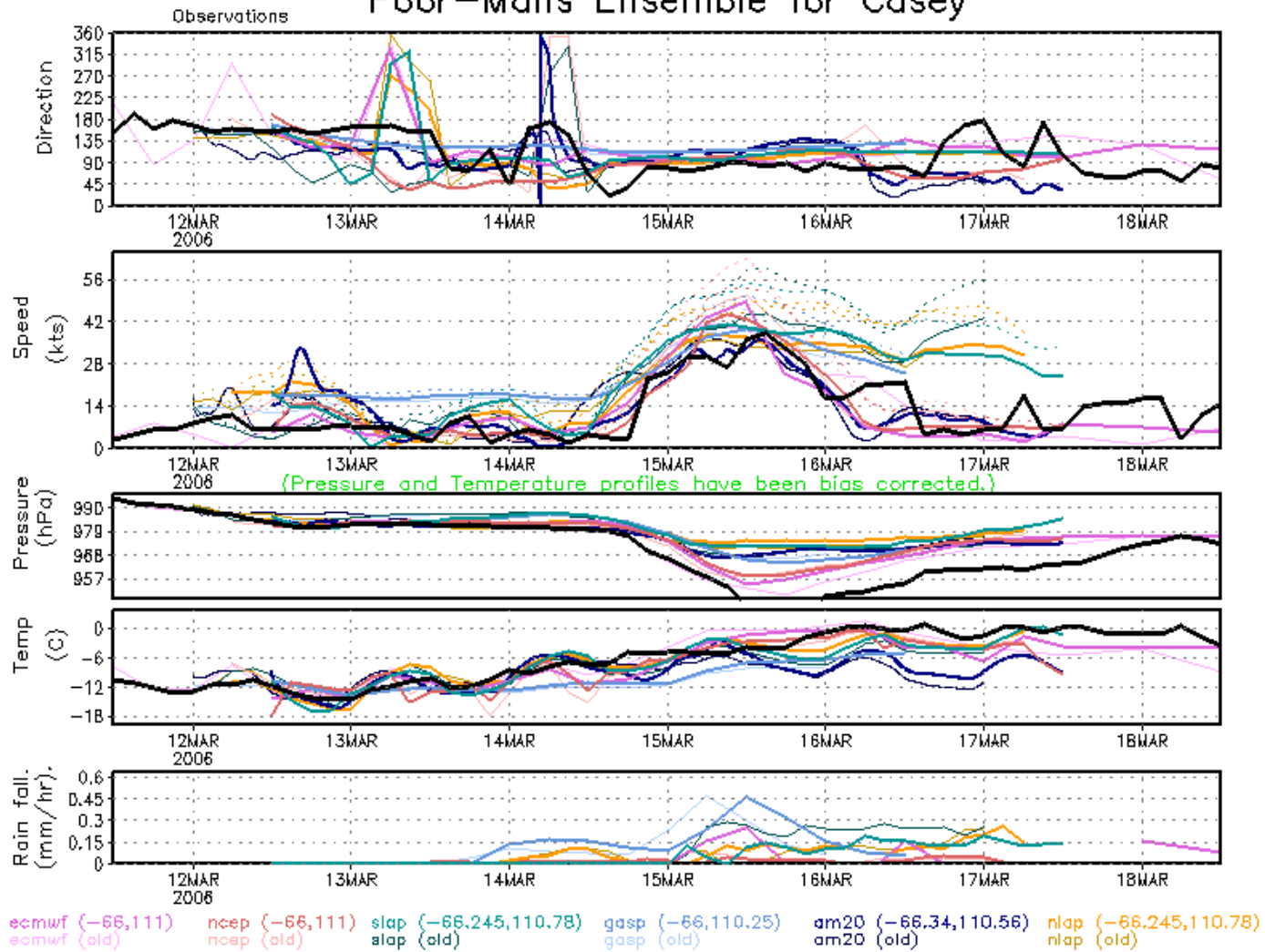
# Single Station Forecasting.

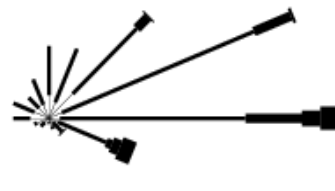
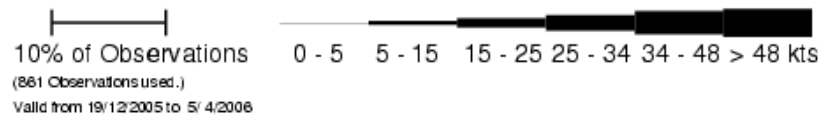


# Poor-Mans Ensemble for Casey



# Poor-Mans Ensemble for Casey

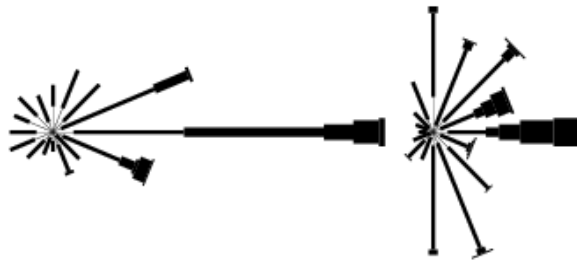




(polarLAPS)

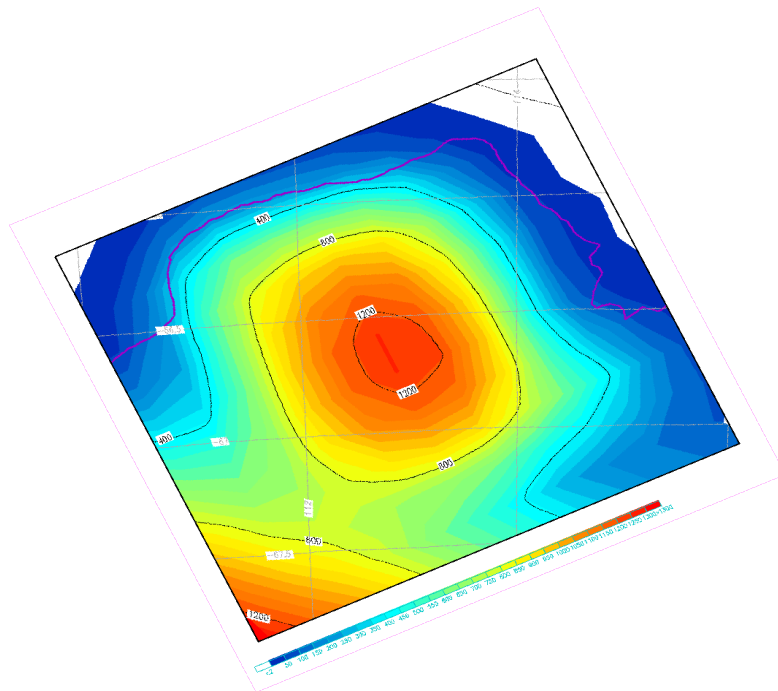
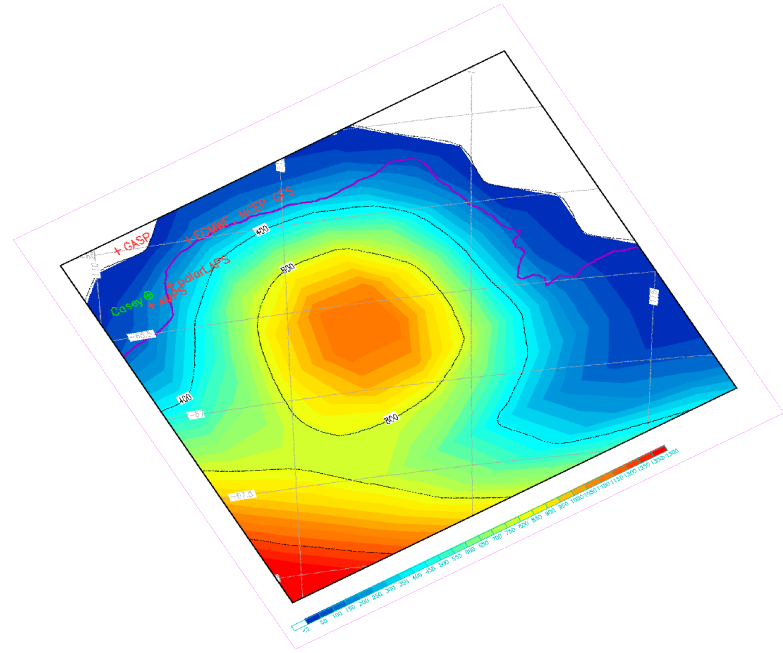
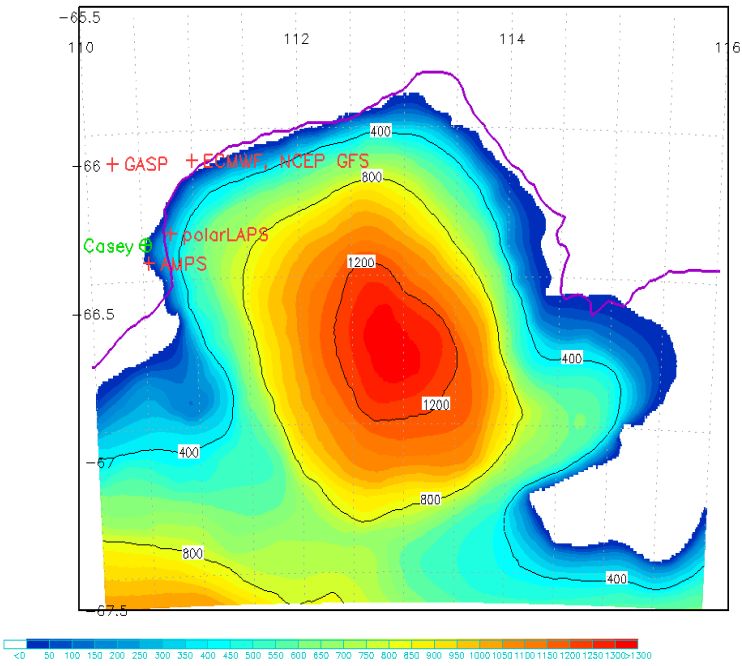


(AMPS-20km)



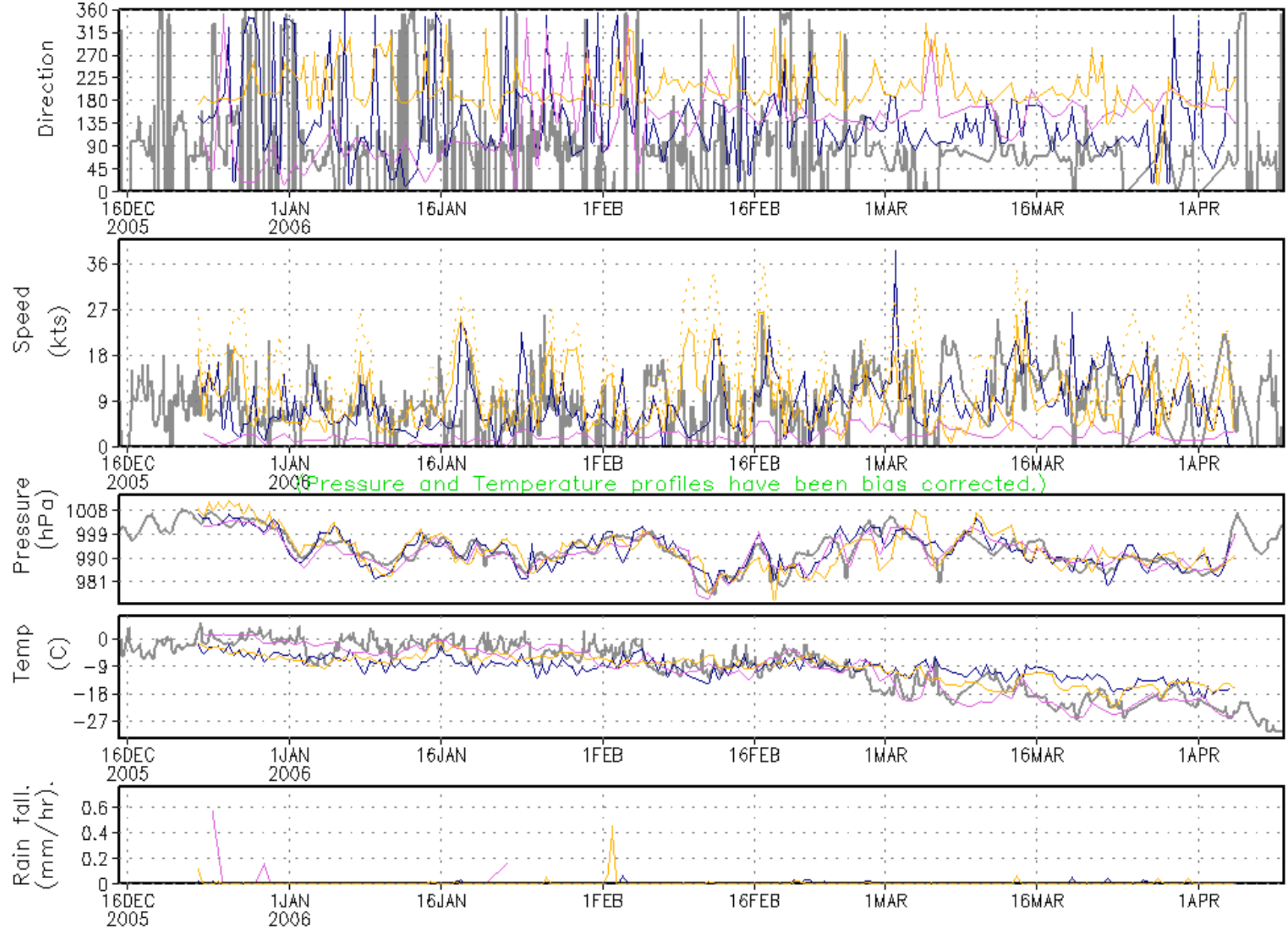
(NCEP-GFS)

(Observations)



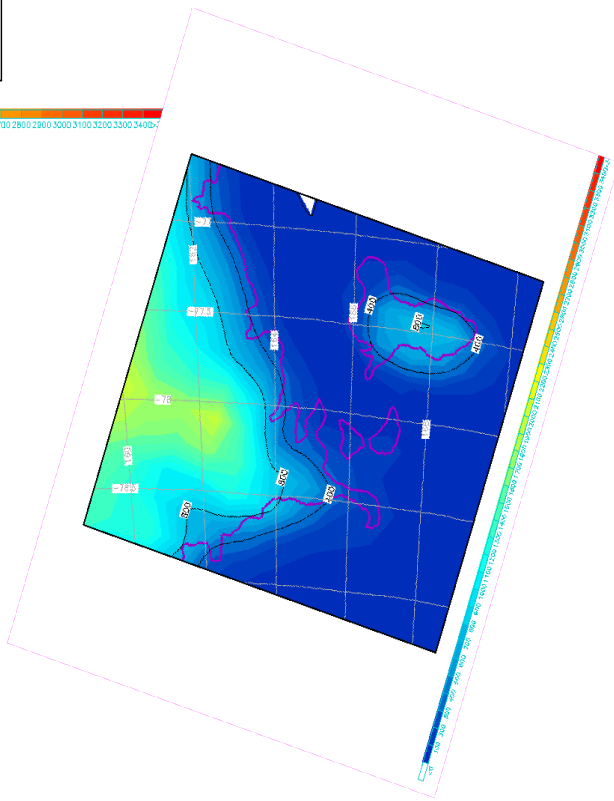
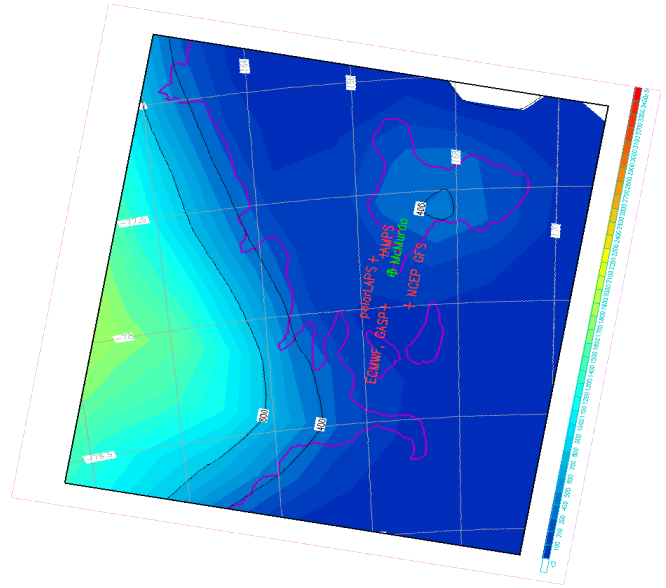
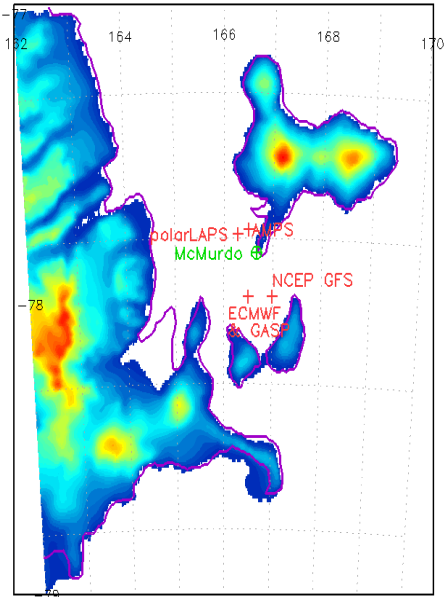


# Poor-Mans Ensemble for McMurdo at +096 hours



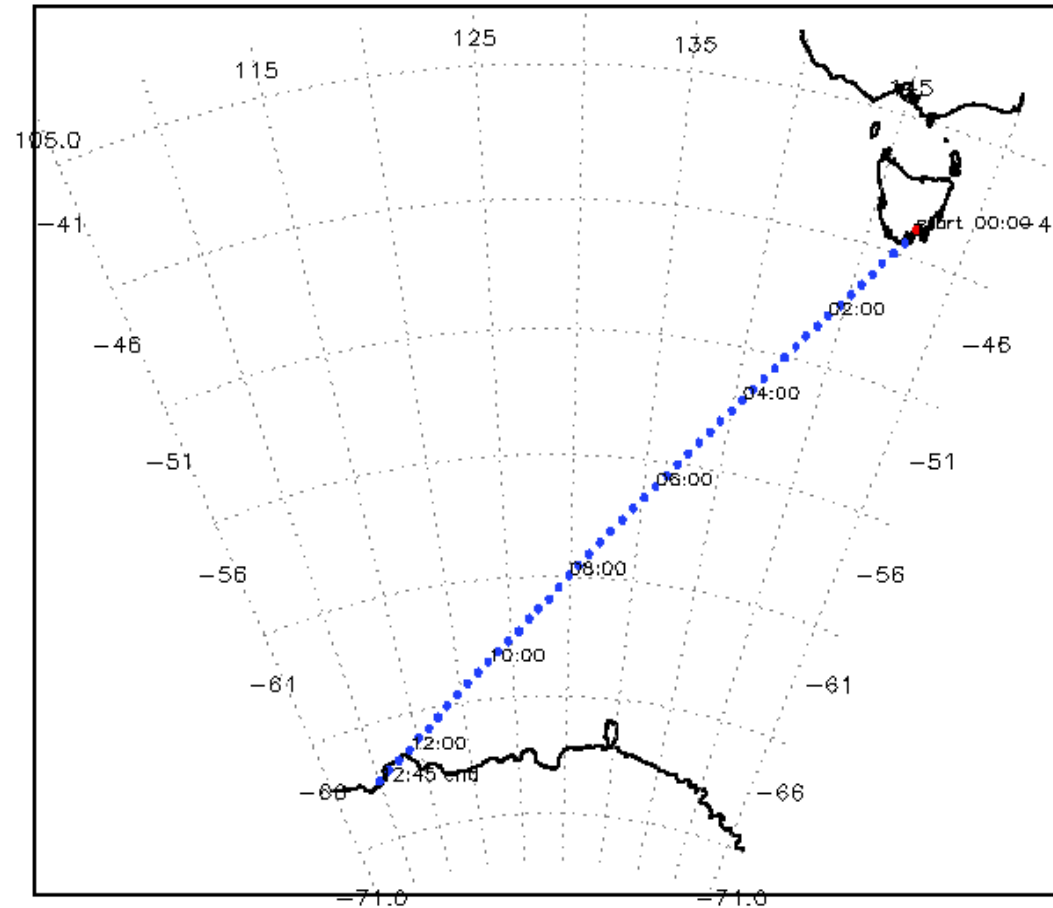
ecmwf (-78,166.5)

am20 (-77.77,166.5)



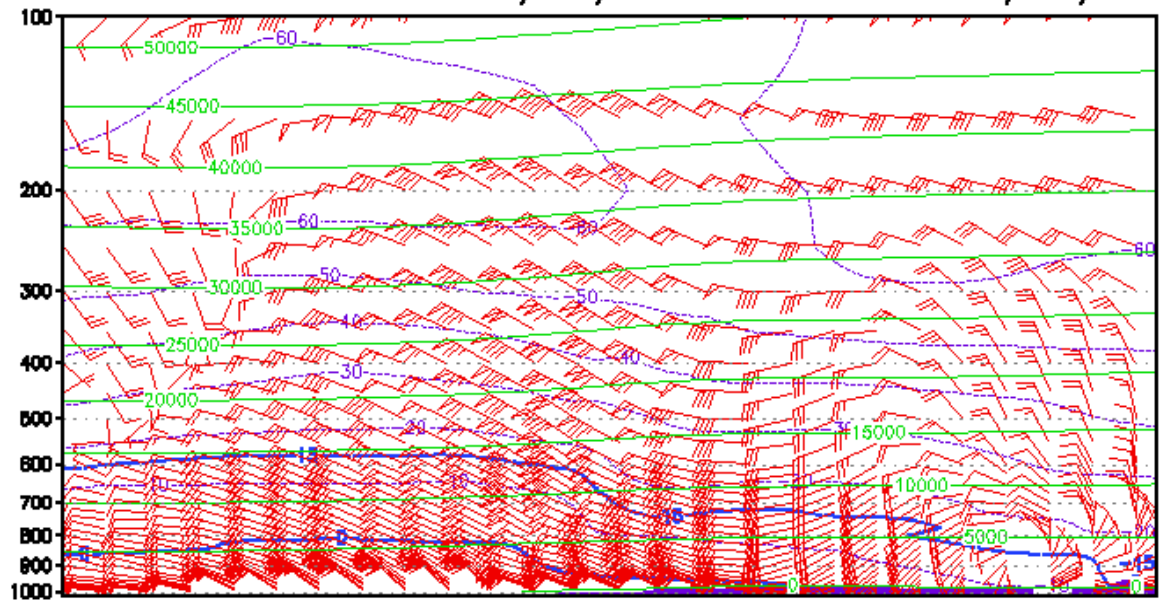
## Route forecasting for aviation, marine and terrestrial users.

Cross-Section 00:00Z 06/06/2006 to 12:45Z 06/06/2006

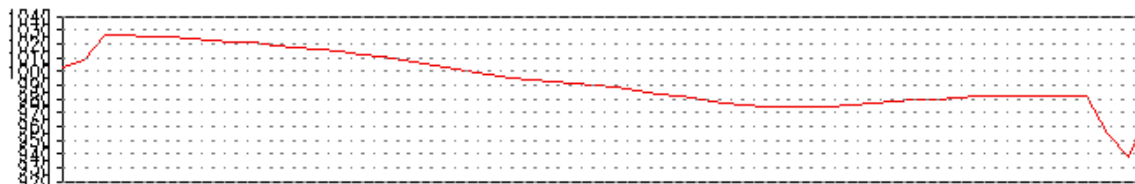


***Track waypoint and timing data.***

# Cross-Section 00:00Z 06/06/2006 to 12:45Z 06/06/2006



42.9S	45.5S	48S	50.5S	53S	55.5S	58S	60.3S	62.4S	64.4S	66.1S
147.3E	145.5E	143.3E	141.0E	138.3E	135.1E	131.4E	127.4E	122.8E	117.4E	111.3E
00:00Z	01:15Z	02:30Z	03:45Z	05:00Z	06:15Z	07:30Z	08:45Z	10:00Z	11:15Z	12:30Z

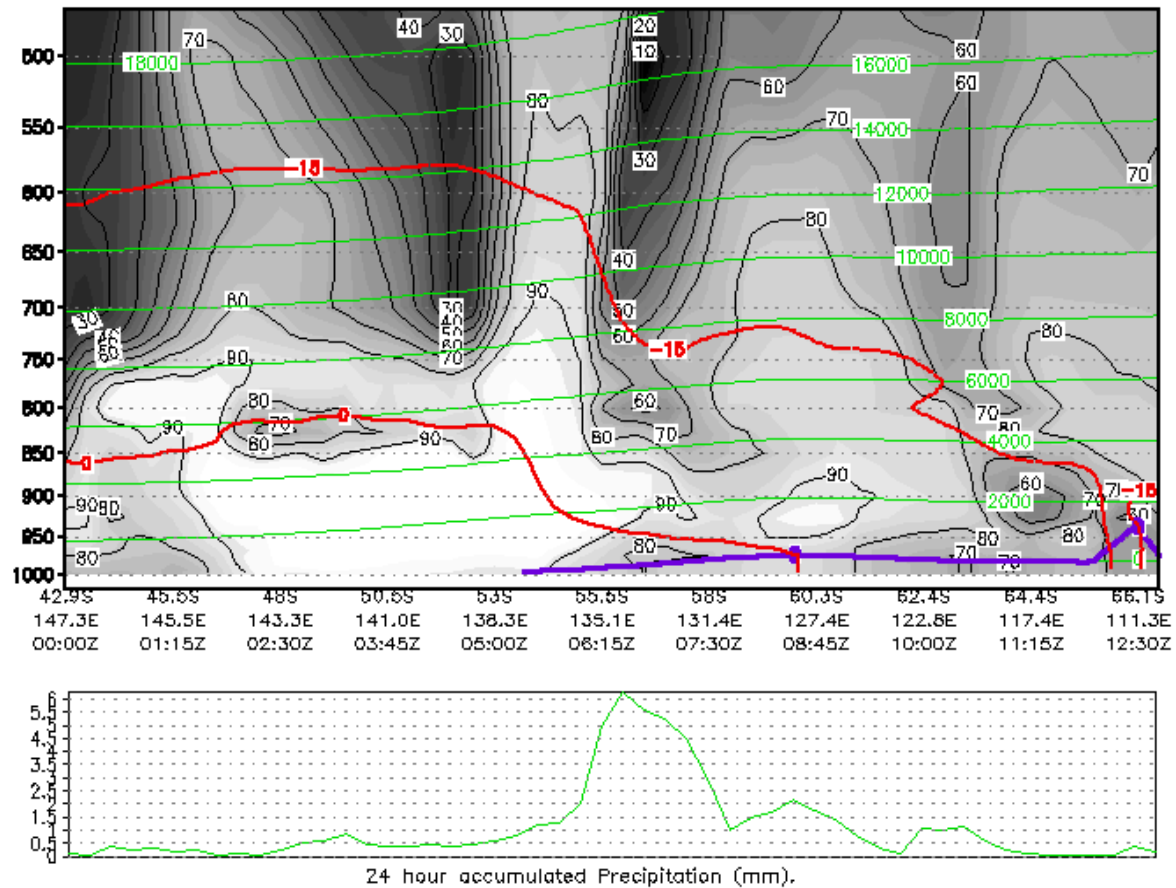


Surface Level Pressure

polarLAPS

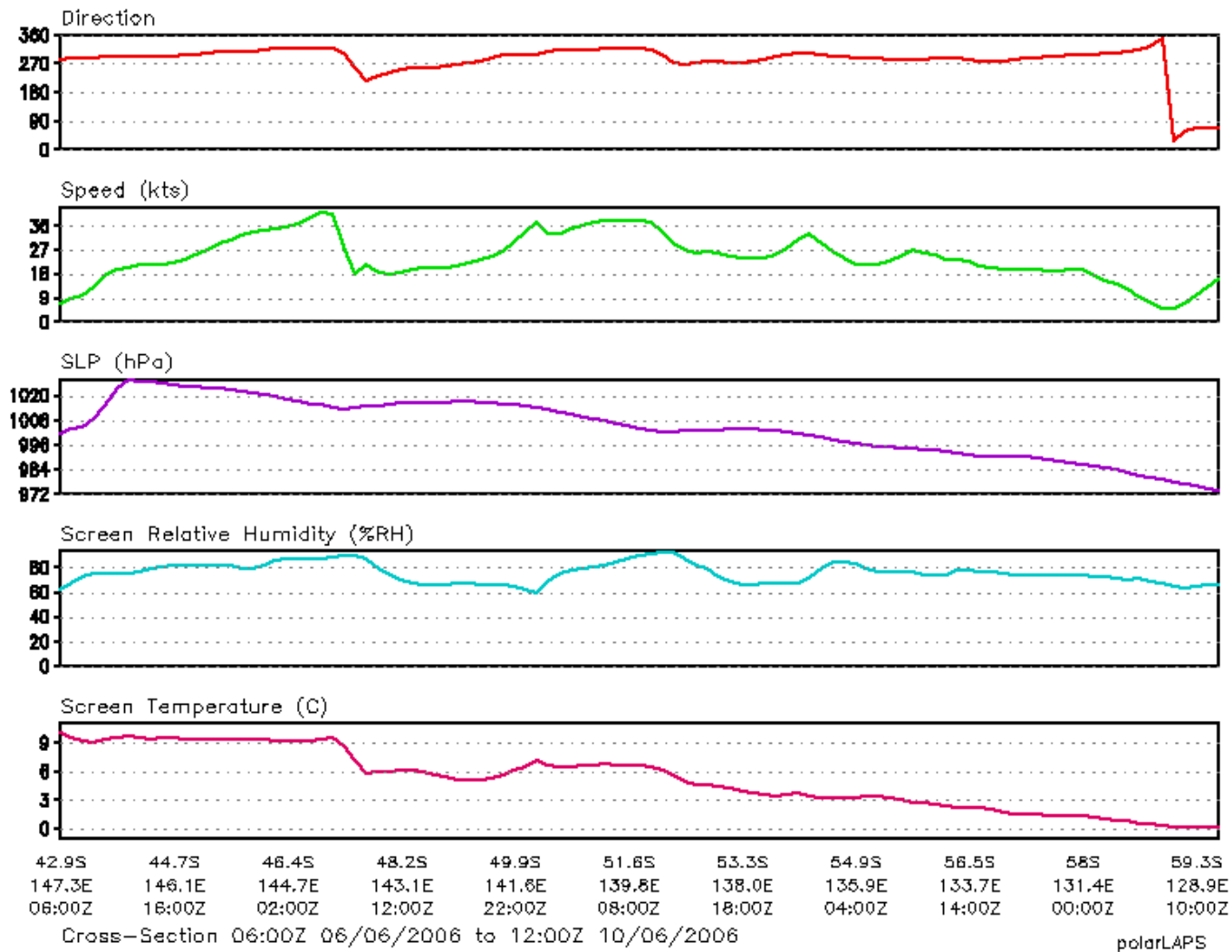
**Wind, temperature and surface pressure forecast along track.**

## Cross-Section 00:00Z 06/06/2006 to 12:45Z 06/06/2006



polarLAPS

***Humidity and precipitation forecast along track.***



***Near surface wind, pressure, relative humidity and temperature forecast along track.***

## Conclusions and Comments.

1. NWP has made remarkable strides in the last 5 years with quite reliable forecast available out to 2 to 3 days, and with good guidance out to nearly a week possible.
2. A continued collaborative approach to Antarctic NWP, with products such as the ensembles highlighted is desirable.
  - a desirable addition to this collaboration would be access to AMPS model data such that Ad-Hoc route forecasts may be prepared.
3. Australian NWP is still moving forward, although slowly due to resource issues.
  - polarLAPS still has no data assimilation nor refined polar physics. **However development has ceased.**

Australia is looking to cease current NWP developments in favour of a collaboration with the UK Meteorological Office using the Unified Model.